

Fig 1

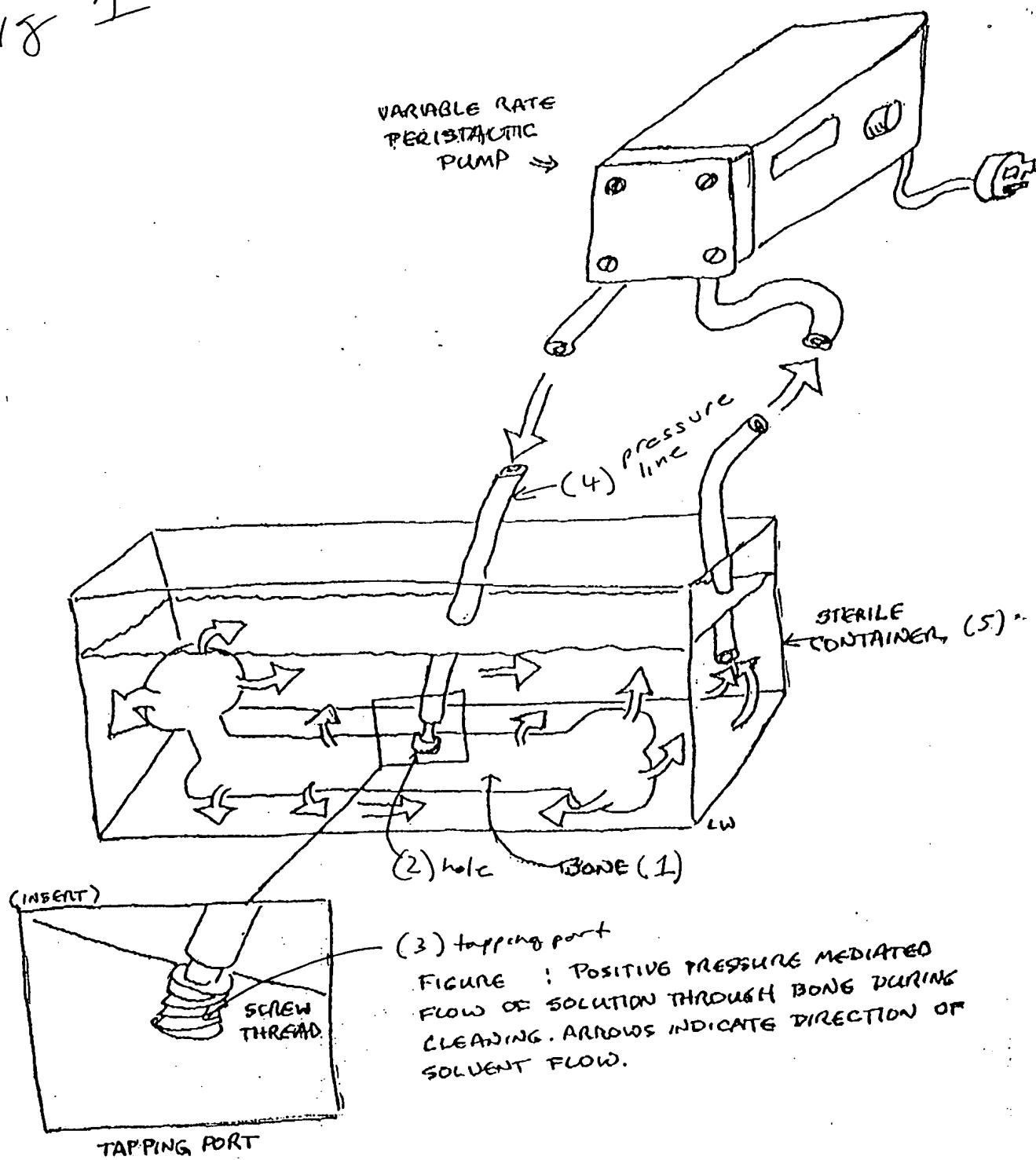


FIGURE : POSITIVE PRESSURE MEDIATED
FLOW OF SOLUTION THROUGH BONE DURING
CLEANING. ARROWS INDICATE DIRECTION OF
SOLVENT FLOW.

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Fig 2

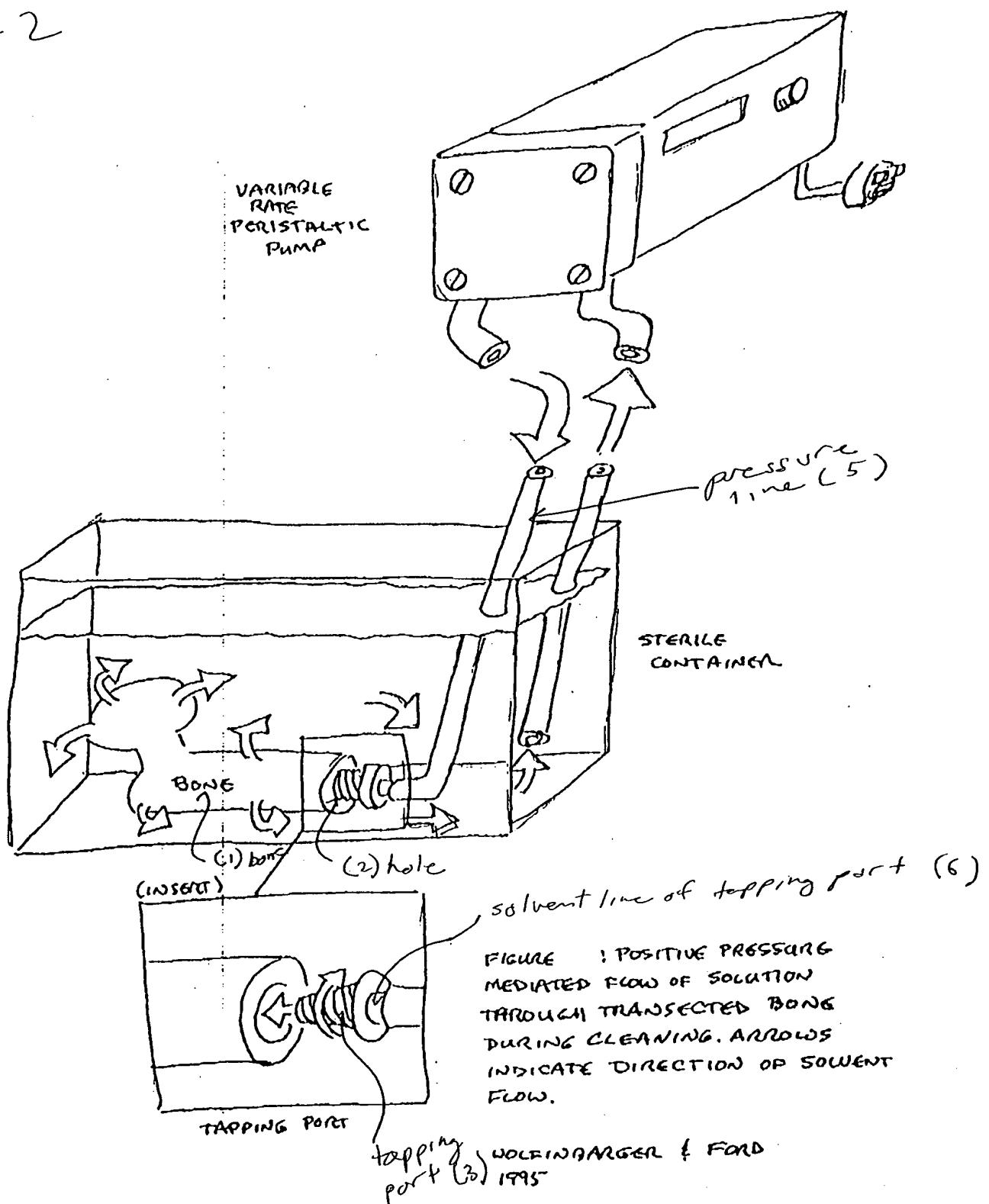
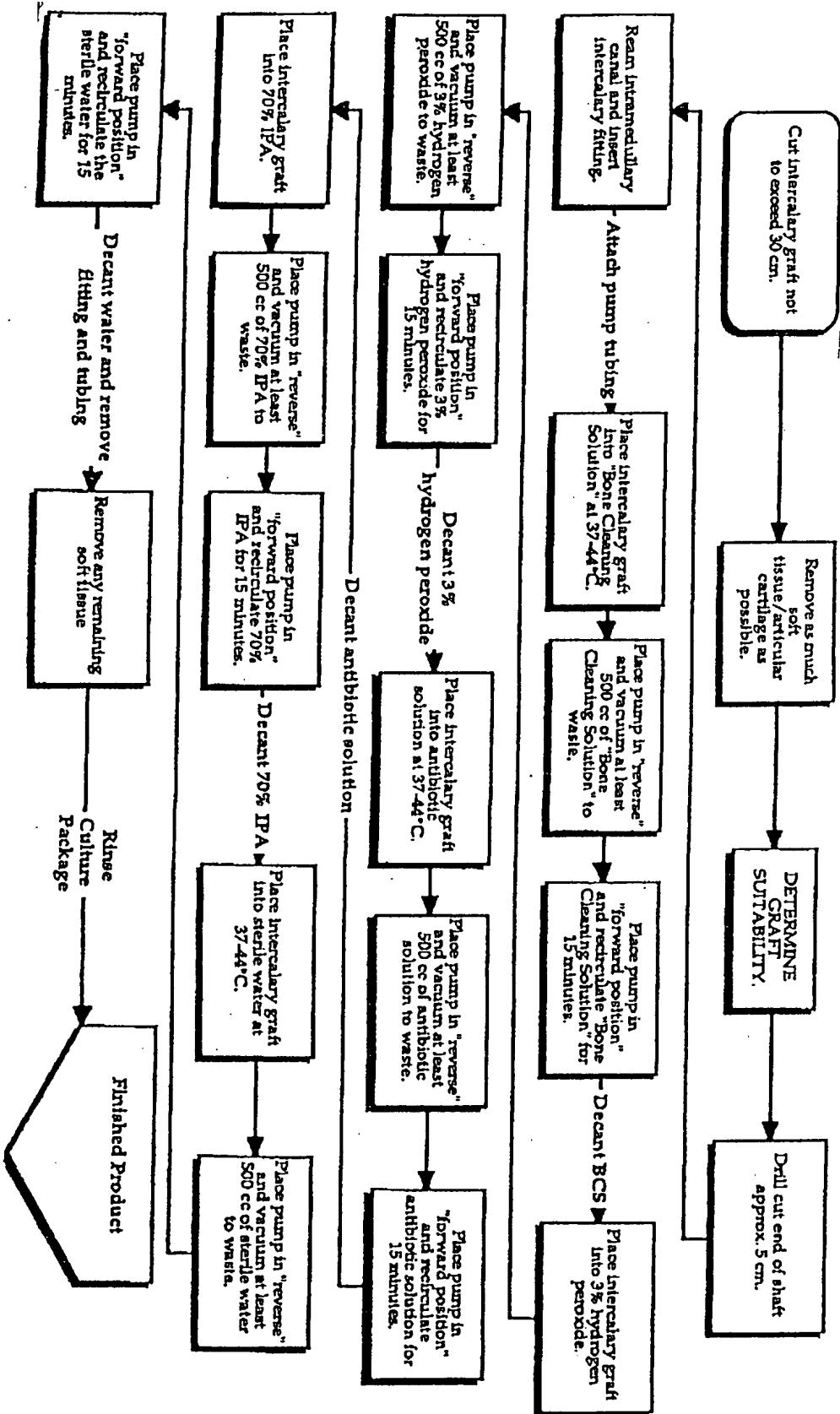


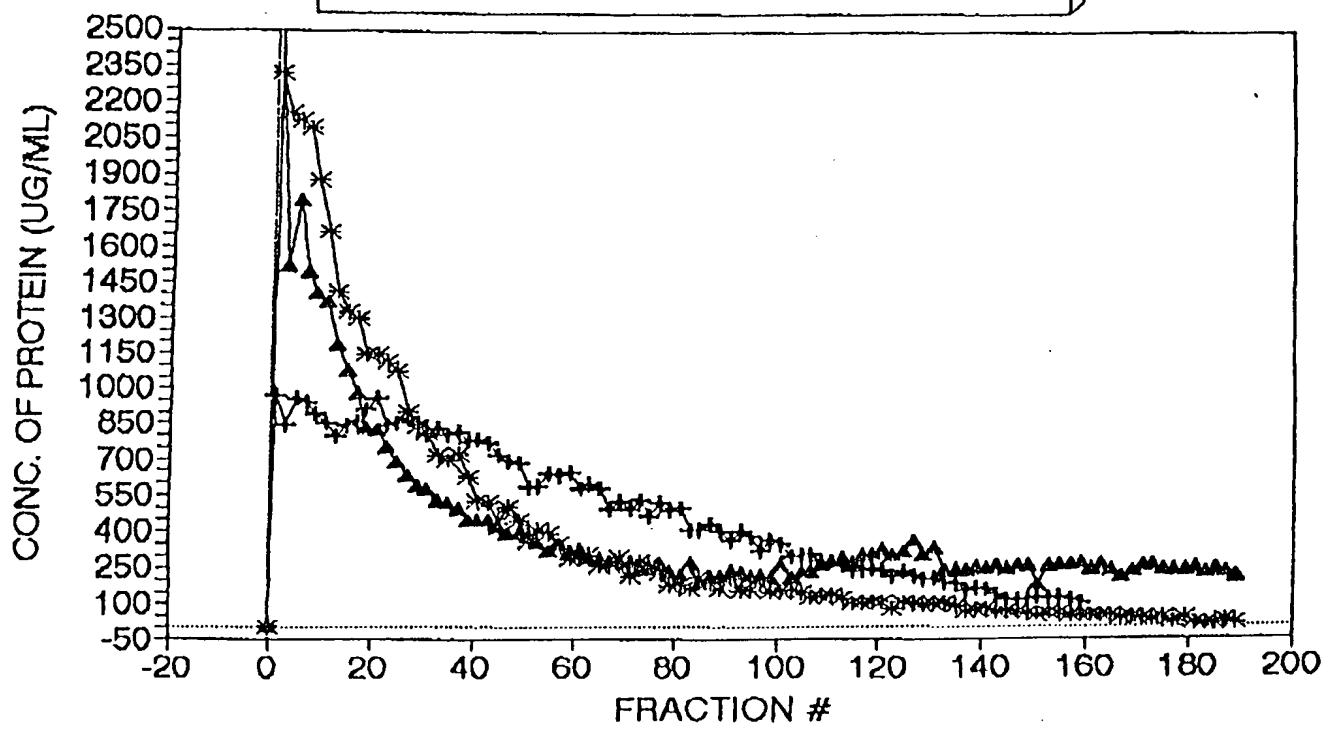
Fig 3
recto



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Fig 4
Fig

COMBINED FLUSHES

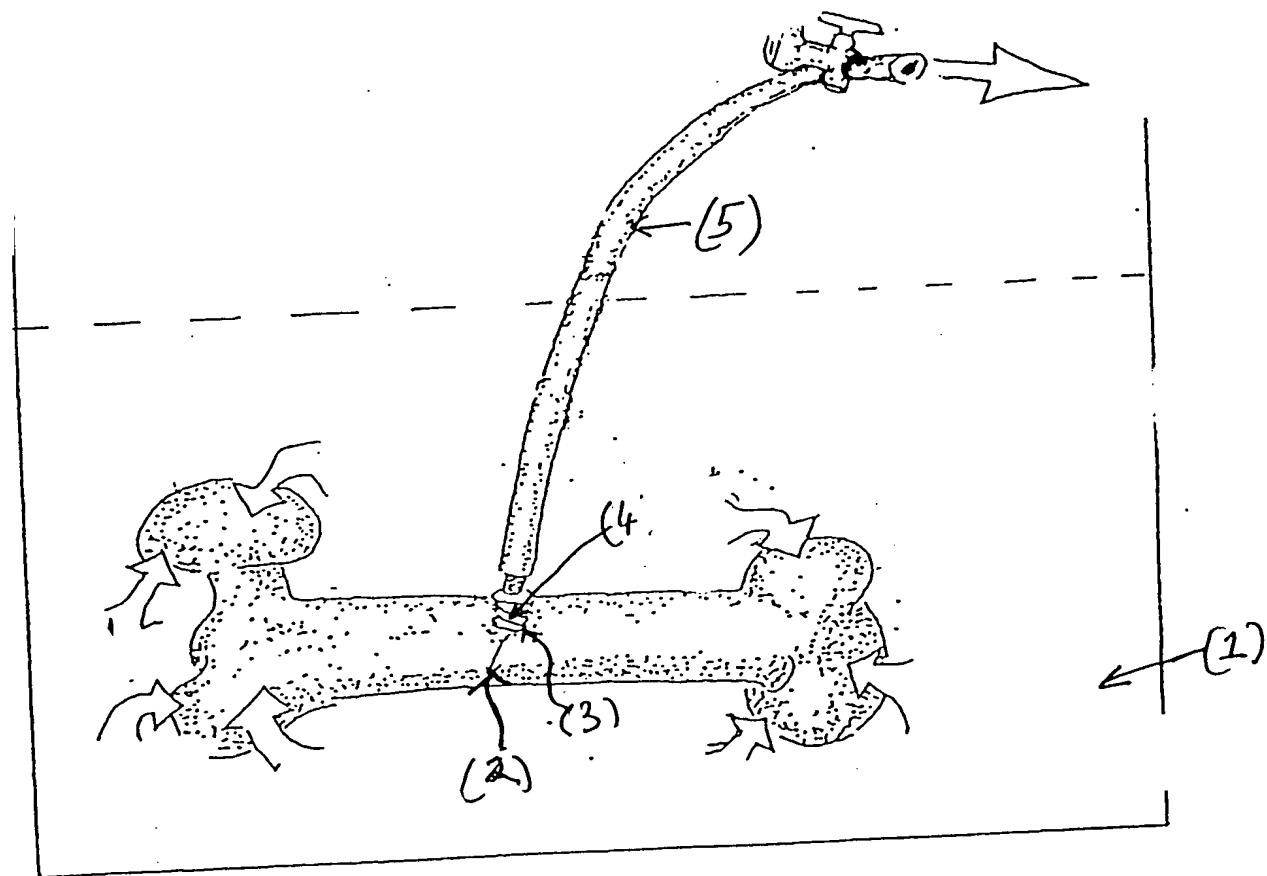


* .01X PV IN 30% ETOH + H₂O

▲ .01X PV IN DPBS

FIG.

5



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Lifeflux
Vacuum
Method
Step 1

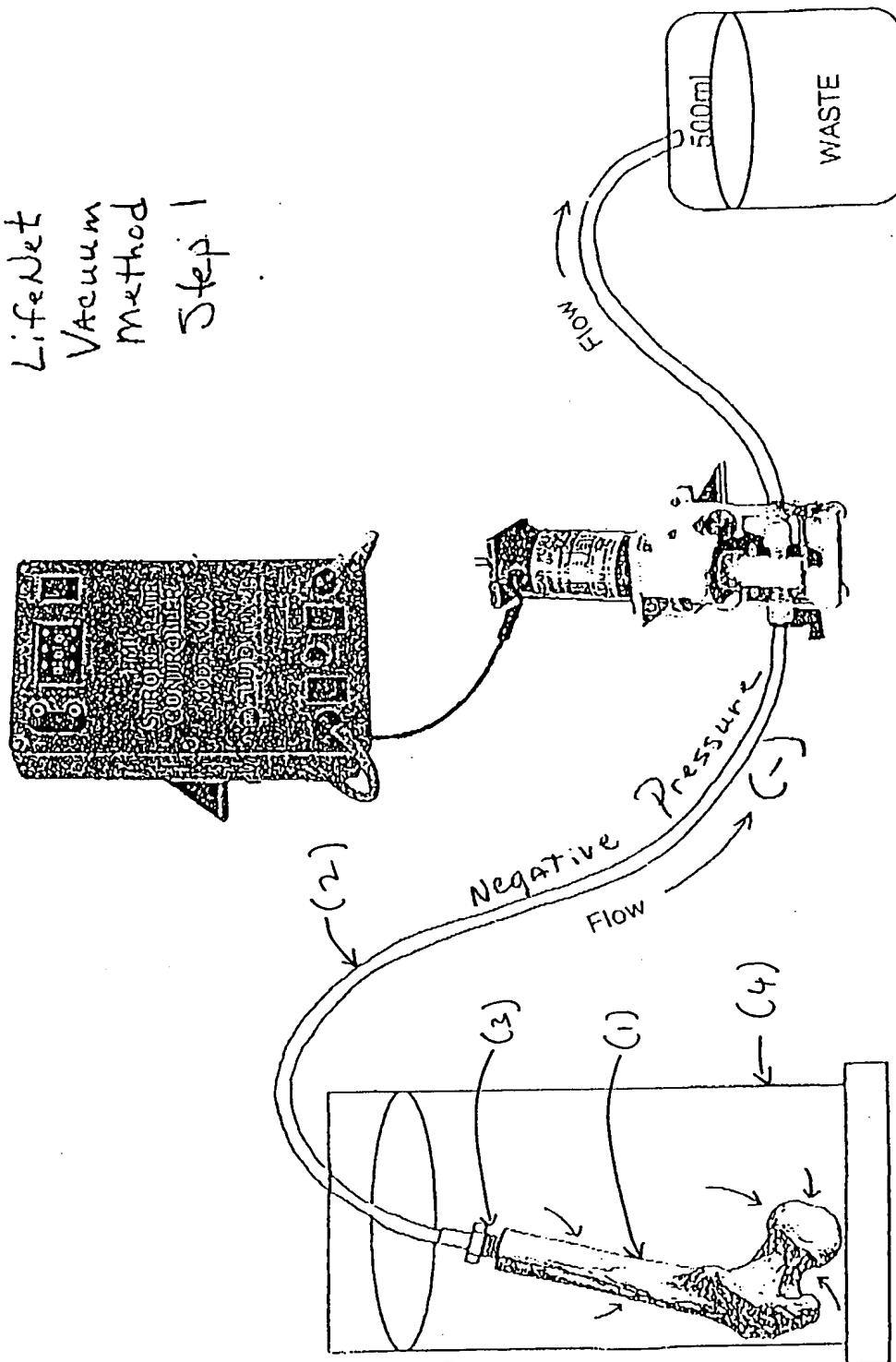


Fig 6

Prior to recirculation via negative pressure of each reagent, 500 mls
are vacuumed to waste and discarded.

Lifeflux
Vacuum
method
Step 2

After 500 mls of reagent has been vacuumed to waste, the 'recirculating tube' is placed inside the flushing vessel. The direction of flow is always through the graft, through the recirculating pump, and back into the flushing vessel or waste beaker.

At no time are detergents forced into the graft via a positive pressure.

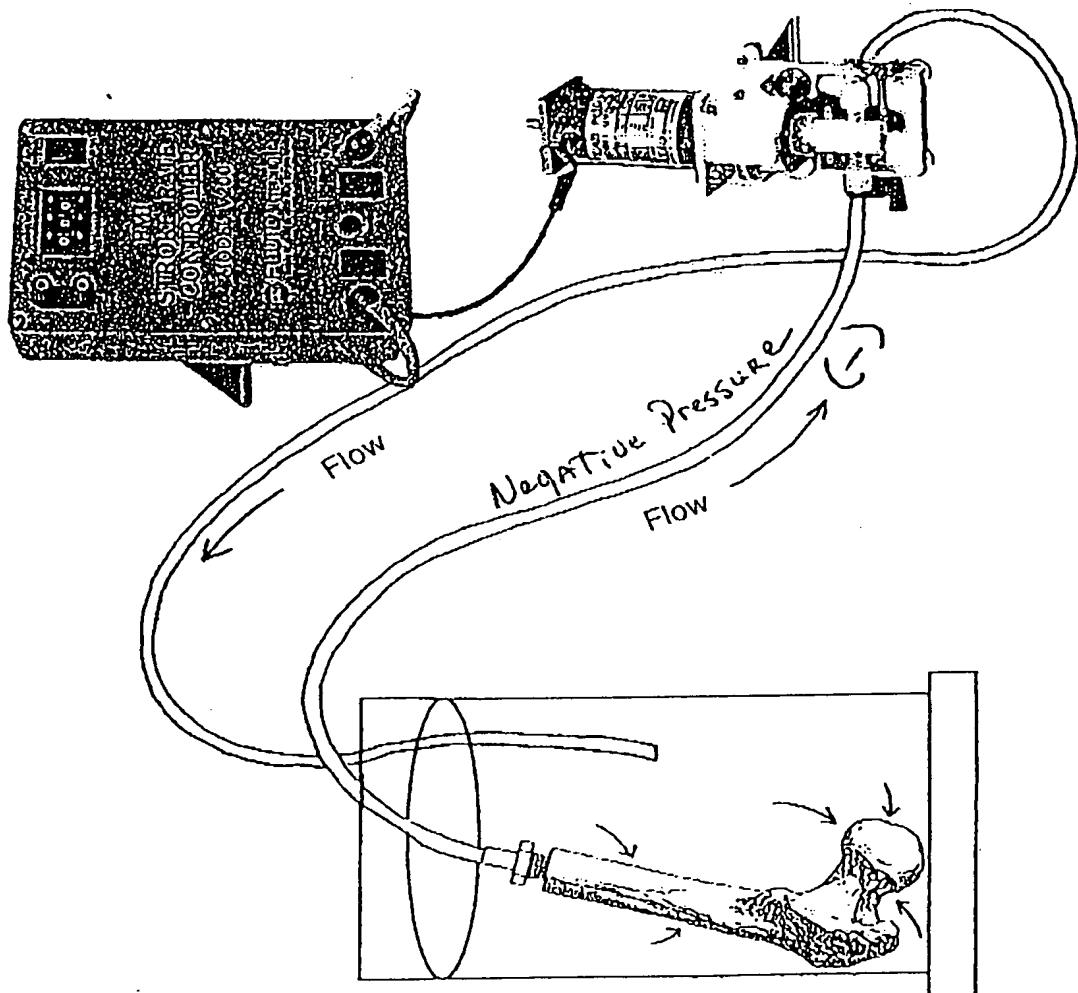
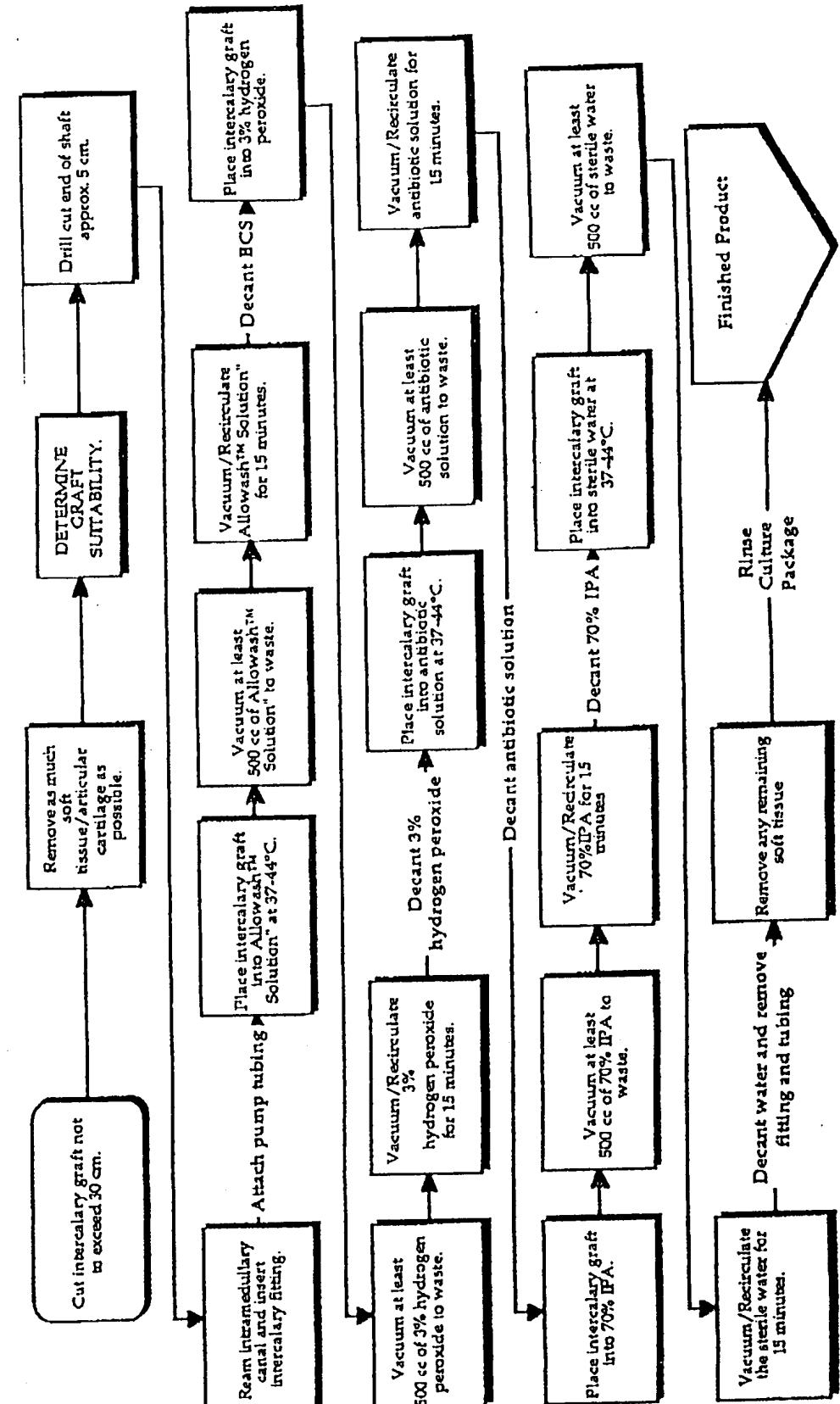


Fig 7

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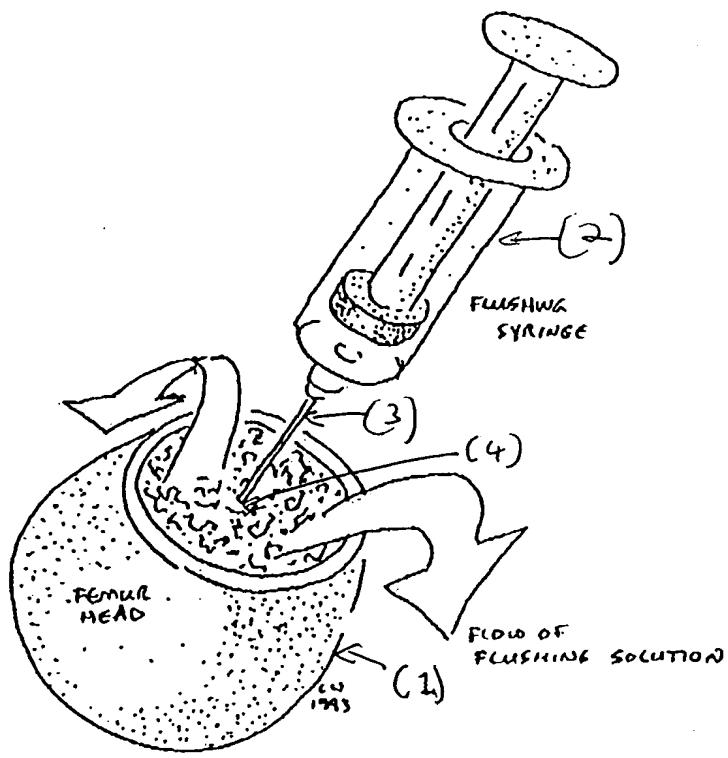


FIGURE 5 : FLUSHING OF FEMUR HEAD WITH INSERT (BELOW) TO ILLUSTRATE SOLUTION FLOW IN THE CANCELLOUS BONE SPACE.

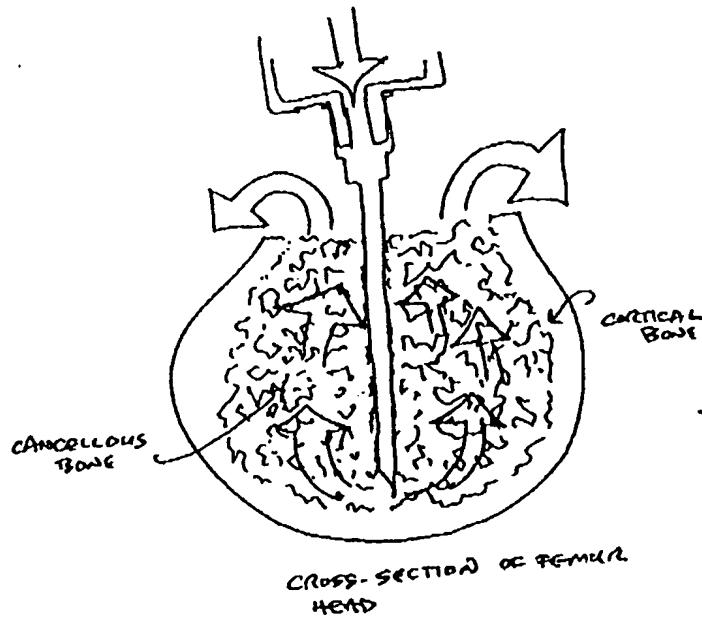


Fig 9